

Fig. 1A

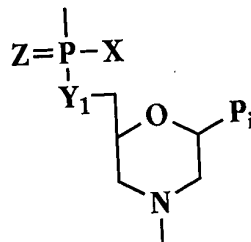


Fig. 1B

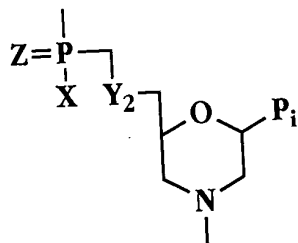


Fig. 1C

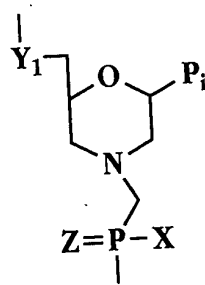


Fig. 1D

Publ. No. 3,444,443

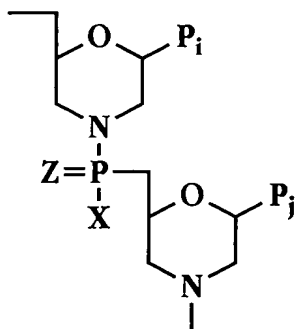


Fig. 2A

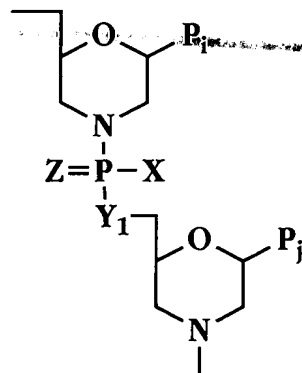


Fig. 2B

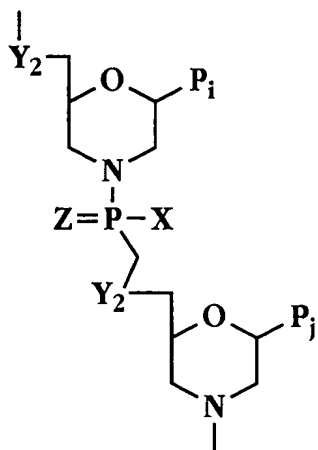


Fig. 2C

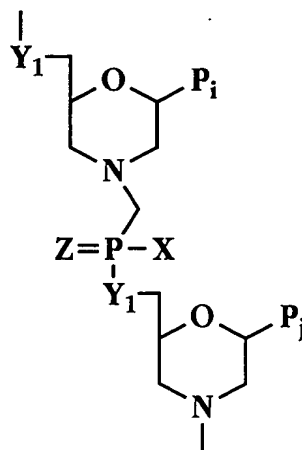


Fig. 2D

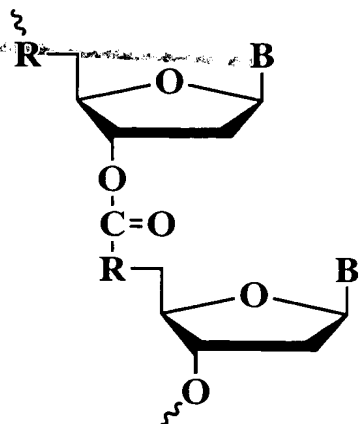


Fig. 3A

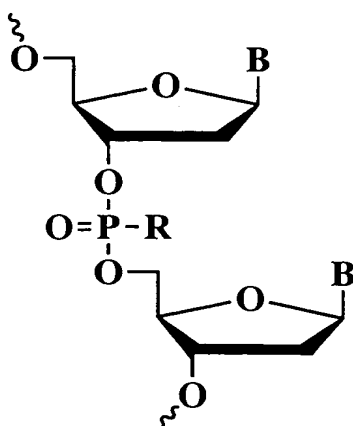


Fig. 3B

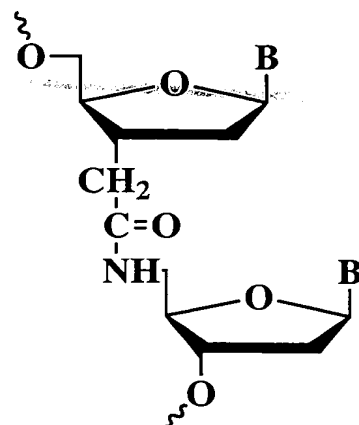


Fig. 3C

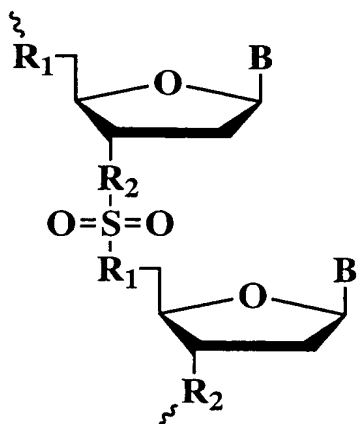


Fig. 3D

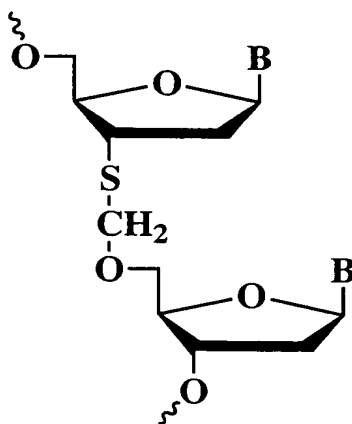


Fig. 3E

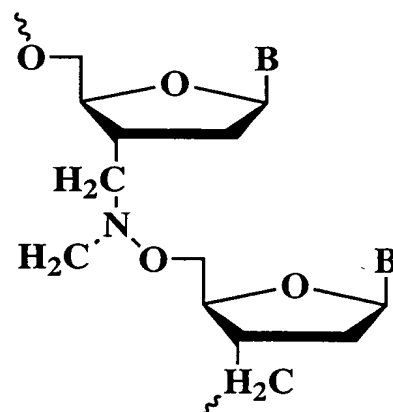


Fig. 3F

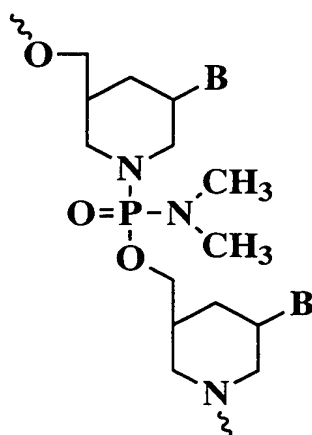


Fig. 3G

Figure 1 is a line graph showing the relationship between the logarithm of PMO concentration and the percent inhibition of *P. aeruginosa* growth. The x-axis is labeled 'Log PMO (μM)' and ranges from -1.5 to 0.0. The y-axis is labeled 'Percent Inhibition' and ranges from 0 to 100. Four data points are plotted, each with vertical error bars representing standard deviation. A smooth curve is drawn through the points, showing a positive correlation between PMO concentration and growth inhibition.

Log PMO (μM)	Percent Inhibition (approx.)
-1.5	32
-1.0	50
-0.5	82
0.0	92

Detailed description of Figure 1: This is a line graph with error bars. The vertical axis (Y-axis) is labeled 'Percent Inhibition' and ranges from 0 to 100 in increments of 25. The horizontal axis (X-axis) is labeled 'Log PMO (μM)' and ranges from -2 to 0. There are four data points plotted as solid black circles. Each point has a vertical error bar representing standard deviation. A smooth curve is drawn through the points, showing a sigmoidal increase in inhibition as the log concentration of PMO increases. The data points are approximately at (-2.5, 35%), (-1.5, 55%), (-0.5, 78%), and (0, 75%).

Log PMO (μM)	Percent Inhibition (approx.)
-2.5	35
-1.5	55
-0.5	78
0	75

Fig. 4B

Log dose (nM)	Percent death
0.5	~20
1.5	~40
2.5	~55
3.0	~60
3.5	~60

Fig. 4C